

GREAT EXPECTATIONS

Do your January dividends sometimes call to mind other stocks that no longer pay? Or still others, where perhaps you had the greatest expectations, that never paid at all? No such disappointment is possible with our Guaranteed Mortgages. They are paying their 5½% interest as regularly as the half year comes around, and until their principal matures and is paid off.

LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST CO.

160 Broadway, New York
188 Montague St., Brooklyn
44 Court St., Brooklyn
367 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.
133 E. 149th St., N. Y.
1254 Broadway, Brooklyn
160 Main St., W. Plains, N. Y.



This brightly colored door-stop costs \$5.00

PEARLS from the ocean, silks from the Orient, and gifts for all occasions from Ovington's—three excellent examples of fine things coming from their proper places.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of 5th Ave."
Fifth Avenue at 39th St.

ANNUAL Stock Taking Sale

During January and February we will make reductions of from 10 to 50 per cent, on a great number of

Dinner Sets, Plates, Cups and Saucers, Fancy Goods, Glass in Sets, Odd Dozens and Single Pieces.

CLAMORE & CO. INC.
15 East 56th Street
Bet. 5th & Madison Aves.

WOMEN VOTERS ASK PARTY PRIVILEGES

500 in Convention Insist on Equality With Men in Political Bodies.

Women are getting tired of being kept out of the political parties. They said so yesterday at the convention of the New York City League of Women Voters, attended by 500 members, at the Pennsylvania Hotel. And after their objections had been voiced by a representative of each of the two major parties the league passed a resolution recommending that the laws of this State be so amended as to provide for equal representation of men and women on all party State, county and Assembly district committees.

Mrs. James Russell Parsons, chairman of the Republican Neighborhood Association, spoke for her party sisters, who upheld her in every statement. Mrs. John Blair represented the Democratic women, but was not so insistent on equal recognition as Mrs. Parsons. Mrs. Blair objected to anything that appeared at all mandatory.

"I, like Miss Mary Garrett Hay, our chairman, have nothing against the men," Mrs. Parsons began, "but during the last campaign I learned that the men had not the slightest intention of giving us equal representation on the committees. They asked us to raise money, really commanded us to do it. I also learned that they still wish to perpetuate a man's party."

"We have heard a lot about that bugaboo a woman's party, but for my part I don't believe that any great number of women really want a woman's party. Women like to play together. The men kept us out of offices, out of the professions and out of politics. We have gently insinuated ourselves into the offices and the professions and we are trying to get into politics, but there are certain men of the party who throw up a smoke screen to scare us away. The Republican and the Democratic women should stand solid together on this equality issue."

Mrs. Blair asked for equal representation and was supported in this by Miss Hay.

"I would advise you New York women not to accept Mrs. Blair's suggestion that it shouldn't be mandatory to have one man and one woman on the political committees," said a New Jersey leader. "We've tried it and we know." So they retained the provision in their resolution.

Resolutions also were adopted for the selection of women on all jury panels on a basis equal with that of men; to oppose the "Equal Rights" bill advocated by the National Woman's party; for disarmament, for the direct primary and for independent citizenship for married women.

Miss Maud Wood Park, president of the National League of Women Voters; Mrs. Robert McCurdy Marsh, Mrs. Frank A. Vanderlip, Mrs. Raymond Brown, Mrs. J. R. Fairchild and Mrs. H. Edward Dreier spoke in the afternoon. The evening program included speeches by Mrs. F. Louis Slade, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, Mrs. Walter Timme and others.

TRANSPORT LEAVES WITH 600.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3.—The transport Argonne left the Philadelphia Navy Yard to-day with 600 troops for replacements in the Philippines and Hawaii.

AGRICULTURAL BLOC PLANS TO CONTROL U. S. SENATE

Continued from First Page.

eloquent in debate, a painstaking and methodical legislator. He is one of the best informed men in Congress and is always ready to make a speech on any subject. He is especially distinguished among his associates as the only man in public life who can split the word "it" into two syllables. His experience as a legislator will have compassed twenty-four years on the completion of his present term. He is very popular with the people of North Dakota, and particularly among the agriculturists of one of the most important wheat States in the American Union.

The Non-Partisan League marked him for defeat several years ago, but finally rallied to his support and gave him a handsome majority when he was elected for the present term. He will be a candidate for reelection next November. It is quite probable that he will not have any difficulty in holding the support of the elements in North Dakota which will be chiefly benefited by his achievements as an agricultural bloc in the Senate.

Wherefore there is no legitimate criticism as to the personal fitness of Senator McCumber involved in his selection as chairman of the Senate Finance Committee. There is, however, and probably will continue to exist, a grave question in the minds of the officials of the Government and citizens who are not fortunate enough to own wheat and cotton lands as to the advisability of selecting so pronounced an agricultural partisan for the great place which the rule of seniority demands shall be given him.

Attention Centers on Fallacy.

Discussion of the matter between Government officials and members of the two houses since the death of Senator Penrose has directed attention again to the fallacy of following the rule of seniority in filling vacancies on important committees.

The aggressive activities of the leaders and adherents of the agricultural bloc which has set its grip on the industrial and commercial throat of the country have accentuated skepticism regarding the desirability of clinging to a threadbare process for perpetuating individual or group control of Federal legislation. It is through such processes only that the minority can hold up, reshape and obstruct measures until these have been perfected to accomplish the ambitions of such minority groups.

In the present instance it is within the power of a bipartisan group, composed of twenty-two Senators to hold up the Government just as the Platt-Tammamny combination held up New York in the old days. The bipartisan group in the Senate is nicely balanced between the two parties, there being eleven Republicans and eleven Democrats holding cards as charter members.

The Republicans are: Kenyon (Ia.), McNary (Ore.), Norris (Neb.), Cameron (Ark.), Cummins (Ia.), Gooding (Idaho), Harrell (Okla.), Ladd (N. D.), Lenroot (Wis.), McCumber (N. D.) and La Follette (Wis.).

The Democratic members of the bloc are: Smith (S. C.), Ashurst (Ariz.), Caraway (Ark.), Dial (S. C.), Harris (Ga.), Heflin (Ala.), Kendrick (Wyo.), Overman (N. C.), Ransdell (La.), Fletcher (Fla.) and Jones (N. M.).

McNary-Frelinghuysen Contest.

The Democratic members of the bloc are quite as eager to have one of their Republican allies elevated to the commanding post as chairman of the Finance Committee as are their Republican conferees because there is no politics in agriculture. The minority members are almost as much interested in a contest between Senator McNary, a member of the bloc, and Senator Frelinghuysen, who is not, for the vacancy on the Finance Committee made by the elevation of Senator McCumber. Both the Oregon and New Jersey Senators are eligible for the place. In ordinary circumstances an independent Senator who is not a member of any group promoting any special interests would be favored.

The agricultural bloc, however, is exerting its full power to bring about the selection of Senator McNary, which would not only enhance the power of the combination, but render the general legislative situation more difficult to handle.

Of the sixteen members of the Finance Committee seven are from Eastern and Southern States and nine from those west of the Ohio River. The next ranking member to Senator McCumber is Senator Smoot (Utah), and just below him on the list is Senator La Follette (Wis.).

Because of his wide experience and breadth of vision Senator Smoot, who also represents an agricultural State but is not a member of the bloc, is favored generally by the business interests throughout the country for chairman. He is not making an effort to obtain the position nor would he do so unless Senator McCumber withdrew. Senator McCumber has not done anything to advance his own claims, leaving the matter to the committee on committees. There is no tendency on the part of the Senate to question the wisdom of assenting to the dictates of the agricultural bloc to dispute his right to the place under the seniority rule.

Bloc Girding on Its Armor.

The bloc is girding on its wheat and cotton armor to force President Harding to cut off the heads of the Federal Reserve Board, as also of the Farm Loan Board, and appoint "dirty farmers" in their places. The bloc takes the stand that one of the efficient members of each of these important Administration bureaus should be kicked off to make room for a "close to the soil" agriculturist.

The President himself has conceded the power of the bloc, which had its inception in cloakroom gossip last summer, to embarrass greatly his Administration and the country generally. The bloc is now regularly organized, with Senator Kenyon (Iowa) chairman. As a result of the new system the leaders of the two parties can no longer dictate policies nor decree

which bills may or may not be considered.

The steering committees have, therefore, been practically put out of business, because all of the decisions are contingent on the approval of the bipartisan agricultural combination, which places the special interests of the wheat and cotton farmer above any other consideration.

Right of Way Demanded.

Leaders of the bloc have successfully demanded that legislation favorable to the farming interests must have the right of way. Now they are outlining an additional program which they will insist must be provided before Congress adjourns, the alternative being the holding up of all legislation designed to benefit the country generally.

Republican and Democratic leaders both admit that more legislation in the interest of farmers, to the exclusion of other elements in the national population, has been adopted by the present session than ever before in the history of the country. The purposes of the bloc are frankly admitted by its leaders.

"Members of the agricultural bloc," said Senator Kenyon, "are for the farmer, but not as against the entire country. All we ask is a square deal for the farmer in the future. He has not had it in the past. The farmer is not getting what he should for the things he produces and the consumer at the other end is paying too much. That condition should be remedied as speedily as possible."

The achievements of the agricultural bloc since its organization six months ago have been pronounced and specially valuable to the farming interests of the country.

Principal Measures Enacted.

Some of the measures put through under the agricultural god are:

The billion dollar farm export credit act.

The Capper-Pinchner bill for the regulation of the thirteen great grain exchanges of the country, preventing gambling in futures, through a board composed of the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce and the Attorney-General.

The act placing control of the meat packing industry and stockyards under the supervision of the Secretary of Agriculture.

The emergency tariff act substantially increasing rates of duty on imported agricultural products and preventing ruinous competition from abroad.

The Kenyon bill increasing the interest rate on bonds of the farm loan banks with no increase in the loan rate to farmers, the increased interest rate making it possible to sell these bonds in competition with other securities.

The Curtis bill authorizing appropriation of \$25,000,000 as a re-

volving fund for the Federal Farm Loan banks.

Four important measures and a special amendment to the tax revision bill constitute the remaining program of the agricultural bloc in Congress. The issues still pending in which they are interested are:

(1) Enactment of a cooperative marketing bill.

(2) An increase in the limit of loans of Federal Farm Loan banks from \$20,000 to \$25,000.

(3) Enactment of some rural credit scheme so the farmer can obtain short time loans on good security.

(4) A demand for the reduction of freight rates.

Among other things the bloc was largely responsible for was the failure of Congress to reduce the surtaxes of the income tax law as recommended by President Harding. They denounced the suggestion as "an effort to shift the tax burden from the rich to the shoulders of the poor."

The bloc, it is understood, is strongly in favor of a constitutional amendment which President Harding suggested in a recent message to Congress under which securities now exempt from taxation may be taxed by the Federal Government.

The bloc, organized and operating as did the old Platt-Tammamny organization in New York, does not admit the possibility of failure. The Platt-Tammamny combination, which also served "special interests," was quite as considerate toward the people of the State as it was out of business.

SPOUL DELAYS ACTION ON PENROSE VACANCY

Will Not Decide Until Next Week, He Says.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 3.—Gov. William C. Sproul to-night dismissed reports that he would resign as Governor to be appointed United States Senator within forty-eight hours by saying the question of the succession to Boies Penrose would not be settled for some days, possibly not until early next week.

"Messages and letters have been coming to me from all over the State, but it will be some days before I reach a decision. It may be next week. There are a number of people I want to see, including Senator William E. Crow, who is in a hospital at Pittsburgh," said the Governor. "My plan is to see some friends in Philadelphia to-morrow and possibly to go toward the end of the week to Pittsburgh. I have no announcement to make."

The Governor declined to comment on the statement of Senator (Ind.) that he would resign or the reports to the same effect circulated here to-day.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR MISSING

A search has been started for Miss Julia Placo, aged 17, a telephone operator, who left her room at 300 West 12th street, November 10 last to go to work at the Eighty-ninth street exchange and has not been seen since. She took none of her clothing or personal effects when she left.

A MAN—QUICK!

An emergency—man needed—to guard—to watch—at home—or business. Maybe a fire—or broken window—or watchman sick—or payroll protection—maybe anything. Don't hesitate—phone Holmes, "Send a man."

HOLMES PATROL PROTECTION

Day Phone, Franklin 6030 Night, Murray Hill 5090 More than 60 years' experience 139 Centre Street, New York City



Mid-Winter

Windfall of Wind-Proof Overcoats
\$26.85 and \$32.85

TALK about pre-war prices! Why, even when New York was a mere debutante of a city, such values as these would have probably brought out the Town Crier whooping the glad news. . . . Ulsters, Ulsterettes, Dress and Semi-Dress Coats. Silk-lined, self-lined or plaid backs. The season's favored fabrics and colors; a year's chance to make a real saving.

Handsomely Tailored MEN'S SUITS
\$29.50

Not many left, but they all are right in quality and style—each one a tailored testimonial of the White Standard of excellence—woolen, ye sterling! Yours while they last if you come among the first—\$29.50.

W. G. White

(Incorporated) WHITE & WHITE, Inc. (President)

335 Broadway
At Worth St.

25 Cortlandt St.
Near Church St.

Stern Brothers

WEST 42d STREET

(Between Fifth and Sixth Avenue)

WEST 43d STREET

Today We Place
On Sale

1850 Men's Suits

All Taken From Our
Own Fine Stock Of
Kirschbaum Clothes.

\$29.50

Formerly priced up to \$45

\$39.50

Formerly priced up to \$60

These reductions are genuine and decisive. Nothing but our own select stock—not a single sale lot added. The variety covers everything in fabrics from worsteds to tweeds; everything in models from young men's styles to conservatives; everything in sizes—regulars, stouts, shorts and slims.

No charge for alterations.

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR



Copyright, 1921, A. B. Kirschbaum Company

Stern Brothers

West 42nd St.

(Between 5th and 6th Avenues)

West 43rd St.

Announcing the Continuation Wednesday of Our Sale of

Misses' Fur-Trimmed COATS

Most exceptional price concessions prevail throughout the groups at

\$25.00

Regularly \$47.50

\$39.50

Regularly \$55.00 to 69.75

FASHIONABLE, high-grade Winter models in wool fabrics of the finer grades. Colors suitable for general utility or dress wear and furs of fashion enhance these youthful models in a diversity of smart styles.

Sizes 14, 16 and 18 years.

Boys' Washable Suits—Reduced!

Numerous attractive models for Boys of 2½ to 10 years.

Formerly \$3.95 to 6.50—Reduced to

\$1.95 and 2.95



\$2.95

At \$1.95 (as illustrated)—Russian Middy and Oliver Twist models of Leonard Crash Suitings, Peggy or Kiddy Cloth with contrasting collar and cuffs. Middies have embroidered emblem on sleeves and silk tie.

At \$2.95 (as illustrated)—Russian Middy or Oliver Twist styles; Palmer Cloth, Linen, Repp, Devonshire and high-grade Chambray; plain and striped or with white waists and colored pants.



\$1.95

Women's Undergarments of Wool and Cotton—Seasonable assortments in medium or heavy weights at decidedly advantageous prices.

Mercerized Lisle Vests, in bodice and shoulder styles. Regular and extra sizes.

60c

Cotton Union Suits—Medium weight, knee length; shoulder or bodice styles. Regular and extra sizes.

\$1.15

Wool and Cotton Union Suits—Low neck, sleeveless, knee length. Regular and extra sizes . . . \$3.25

Cotton Bloomers—In light and heavy weights . . . 1.00

Children's Dresses and Undergarments

Very Specially Priced

NAINSOOK NIGHTGOWNS

Daintily trimmed with lace or fine embroidery; sizes 6 to 14 years, \$1.25

PRINCESS SLIPS—Of Nainsook or Cambric; lace or embroidery trimmed; sizes 2 to 6 years, 95c, 1.25

Same Princess Slips in sizes 8 to 14 years, \$1.50 & 1.95

CAMBRIC BLOOMERS—Exceptionally soft, durable quality; sizes 6 to 14 years, . . . 69c

CAMBRIC DRAWERS—Trimmed daintily with embroidery; sizes 2 to 12 years, . . . 39c to 95c

Bloomer DRESSES—

Sizes 2 to 6 years

\$1.35 1.98 2.45

Tailored, smocked or hand embroidered models of Chambray or Gingham.

Special Purchase Sale of Women's Corduroy Breakfast Coats

\$4.95

BREAKFAST COATS which afford ample protection against chilly Winter mornings. Full length model, in a rich serviceable quality Wide Wale Corduroy that lends itself to many home comforts.

Designed with a long, narrow collar, pockets and self cord girdle. Beautiful colors, such as rose, copen, wisteria and purple. Second Floor.

Particular attention is directed to the notable values presented in our

Annual White Sales

Now in Progress